## Bureau of Land Management, Interior

- (3) Tailings ponds and leach pads;
- (4) Rock and soil dumps:
- (5) Water and process treatment plants; and
- (6) Any other use that is reasonably incident to mine development and operation, except for uses exclusively supporting reclamation or mine closure.
- (b) Upon obtaining authorization under the surface management regulations of the surface managing agency, you may use and occupy independent mill sites for processing metallic minerals from lode claims using:
  - (1) Quartz or stamp mills; or
- (2) Reduction works, including placement of grinding, crushing, or milling facilities (such as rod and ball mills, cone crushers, and floatation cells), reduction facilities (such as smelting, electro-winning, roasters, autoclaves, and leachate recovery), tailings ponds, and leach pads.

# Subpart D—Tunnel Sites

#### § 3832.40 Tunnel sites.

#### § 3832.41 What is a tunnel site?

A tunnel site is a subsurface right-ofway under Federal land open to mineral entry. It is used for access to lode mining claims or to explore for blind or undiscovered veins, lodes, or ledges not currently claimed or known to exist on the surface.

### § 3832.42 How do I locate a tunnel site?

You may locate a tunnel site by:

- (a) Erecting a substantial post, board, or monument at the face of the tunnel, which is the point where the tunnel enters cover;
- (b) Placing a location notice or certificate on the post, board, or monument that includes:
  - (1) The names of the claimants;
- (2) The actual or proposed course or direction of the tunnel;
- (3) The height and width of the tunnel; and
- (4) The course and distance from the face or starting point to some permanent well-known natural objects or permanent monuments, in the same manner as required to describe a lode claim (see §3832.12(a) and (b)); and

(c) Placing stakes or monuments on the surface along the boundary lines of the tunnel at proper intervals as required under state law from the face of the tunnel for 3,000 feet or to the end of the tunnel, whichever is shorter.

[68 FR 61064, Oct. 24, 2003; 68 FR 74197, Dec. 23, 2003]

#### § 3832.43 How may I use a tunnel site?

You may use the tunnel site for subsurface access to a lode claim or to explore for and acquire previously unknown lodes, veins, or ledges within the confines of the tunnel site.

# § 3832.44 What rights do I have to minerals within my tunnel site?

- (a) If you located your tunnel site in good faith, you may acquire the right to any blind veins, ledges, or lodes cut, discovered, or intersected by your tunnel, by locating a lode claim, if they—
- (1) Are located within a radius of 1,500 feet from the tunnel axis; and
- (2) Were not previously known to exist on the surface and within the limits of your tunnel.
- (b) Your site is protected from other parties making locations of lodes within the sidelines of the tunnel and within the 3,000-foot length of the tunnel, unless such lodes appear upon the surface or were previously known to exist.
- (c) You must diligently work on the tunnel site. If you cease working on it for more than 6 consecutive months, you will lose your right to possess all unknown, undiscovered veins, lodes, or ledges that your tunnel may intersect.

# § 3832.45 How do I obtain any minerals that I discover within my tunnel site?

- (a) Even if you have located the tunnel site, you must separately locate a lode claim to acquire the possessory right to a blind vein, lode, or ledge you have discovered within the boundaries of the tunnel site sidelines.
- (b) The date of location of your lode claim is retroactive to the date of location of your tunnel site.